

英語 高校入試対策 **答え**

選択、ならべかえ問題

正しいものをひとつ選ぶ問題

I am very ( ) in working in foreign countries. **be interested in** で興味がある 基本中の基本。

1. interest 2. interests 3. interesting 4. **interested**

Could you tell me ( ) to get to the city library? **how to get to** ~への着き方(行き方)

1. what 2. that 3. **how** 4. which

A: Hello, may I speak to Mike? B: I'm ( ), but he isn't home now.

1. OK 2. **sorry** 3. sad 4. happy **この but にしかしの意味はない。**

A: What do you like to do? B: I like ( ) pictures very much.

1. take 2. takes 3. took 4. **taking** **撮ることが好きです。**

Tom ( ) to study Math every day.

1. must 2. can 3. have 4. **has** **三人称単数。**

( ) use this computer. **禁止の命令**

1. Not 2. **Don't** 3. Doesn't 4. Didn't

( ) baseball is a lot of fun. **野球をすることは、の~すること**

1. Play 2. Plays 3. **Playing** 4. Played

( ) did you buy these CDs? **意味的に**

1. Whose 2. Which 3. **Where** 4. What

Keiko plays the piano ( ) of the five. **5人の中で、とされているので**

1. better 2. much 3. **the best** 4. well

He is interested in ( ) sports. **be interested in のあとは名詞。**

1. watches 2. **watching** 3. watched 4. is watching

Do you know what ( ) buy for her birthday present?

1. **to** 2. for 3. and 4. too **what to buy 何を買うべきか**

A: Please show me your notebook. B: ( ) you are.

1. Near 2. **Here** 3. It 4. There **here you are どうぞ**

I think ( ) you are right. **that** はいれもん。あれという意味ではない。

1. **that** 2. when 3. because 4. so

My mother and father hope ( ) in America.

1. live 2. lives 3. living 4. **to live** hope と to はよく一緒にくる

We talked ( ) English. **英語で**。

1. from 2. at 3. with 4. **in**

A : ( ) do you like Japan? B : I'm having a great time.

1. What 2. Which 3. **How** 4. When **こういう言い方**。

A : ( ) I have to do my homework now? B : Sure.

1. Does 2. **Do** 3. Must 4. Can **よくでてくる表現。やらんとだめですか？**

A : How many ( ) did you have? B : Two.

1. water 2. **apples** 3. tea 4. pen **how many 複数形**。

Thank you for ( ) a letter to me. **thank you for ~イング**

1. write 2. wrote 3. **writing** 4. you wrote

We can enjoy swimming ( ) July 30.

1. at 2. to 3. in 4. **on** **日付が勝つ**。

"Hey Mike, ( ) eat in this room." **呼びかけてるだけ。禁止の命令**

1. isn't 2. **don't** 3. doesn't 4. won't

Ken and Kate ( ) know our new friend, Tom.

1. **don't** 2. doesn't 3. isn't 4. aren't **knowがあるのでbe動詞は無理。複数だからdoesも無理**。

What were you ( ) in your room this afternoon?

1. study 2. studied 3. **studying** 4. studies **なに勉強してましたか？**

A : ( ) is that woman? B : That's Ms. Sato. She's my mother's friend.

1. What 2. **Who** 3. Where 4. Whose **あれだれ？**

A : I can't write Japanese kanji. It's very difficult. B : Don't ( ). I'll help you.

1. write 2. try 3. **worry** 4. understand **ありがち**。

Lee always talks to me ( ) Japanese.

1. for 2. **in** 3. with 4. to 日本語で。

A: Do you ( ) me to close the window? B: No, thank you. I'll close it.

1. give 2. stay 3. **want** 4. show してほしいですか?の典型文。

A: Do you know where ( )? B: Yes, I do. 2回疑問文が来ると後はふつーに戻る。

1. live 2. **Mary lives** 3. does Mary live 4. will Mary live

He ( ) this book last week. 過去形。

1. **read** 2. reads 3. is reading 4. to read

A: Can you open the window? B: ( ) course.

1. On 2. **Of** 3. To 4. By もちろん。course が意外にスペルが危ない。しかも狙われる。

My brother must ( ) math today. 瞬殺。これに3秒以上考えてしまったら、やりこみ不足の証拠。

1. **study** 2. studies 3. studying 4. to study

A: What's the date today? B: It's ( ). 日付を聞かれてる。

1. Thursday 2. three o'clock 3. October 4. **October 29**

We don't practice tennis ( ) it's raining now.

1. that 2. **because** 3. but 4. or 理由。

It's difficult ( ) me to answer the question.

1. of 2. **for** 3. in 4. on 典型文。その問題に答えることは私にとってむずいです。

Yukari is ( ) girl of the ten. 10人の中で、がヒント。

1. a young 2. a younger 3. **the youngest** 4. as a young

There are a lot of places ( ) in Kyoto. ありがちな to の使い方。

1. visit 2. visits 3. visited 4. **to visit**

I visited the park ( ) Rinkai Park by many people.

1. call 2. calling 3. **called** 4. was called 臨界パークと呼ばれているパーク。

We have been good friends ( ) we first met.

1. when 2. because 3. if 4. **since** ~から。

How ( ) have you been to Nagoya? 回数聞くときの言い方 how many times とセット。

1. **often** 2. times 3. many 4. old

The book ( ) written by Natsume Soseki many years ago.

1. is 2. **was** 3. has 4. had was がないと、何年も前に漱石によって書かれた本・・・となって文にならん。

I've lived here ( ) last year. ありがち。

1. for 2. from 3. to 4. **since**

Have you finished your homework ( )?

1. to 2. since 3. **yet** 4. for もう終わりましたか?の典型。

I'd like ( ) another cup of tea. want to ⇔ would like to

1. have 2. had 3. **to have** 4. having

English is the language ( ) all over the world.

1. use 2. uses 3. using 4. **used** 使われてる言語。ing にすると「言語」が何か使ってることになってまう。

There will ( ) a festival in my city this month.

1. have 2. has 3. **be** 4. is there is に will がからんで、be になってもた。

You shouldn't drink too ( ) Monster.

1. **much** 2. lot 3. many 4. more 多い=much(数えれない)、many(数えられる)

In fall many beautiful mountains can be ( ) from here.

1. see 2. seeing 3. saw 4. **seen** 見られる。

I am ( ) busy that I can't study Math today.

1. too 2. what 3. **so** 4. both so that の基本形。～とてもなので～～です。

She was ( ) tired to wake up early this morning.

1. so 2. **too** 3. between 4. in too to の基本形。～すぎて～～できまへん。

英語ならべかえ問題（ひとつ不要な単語あり）

A : Mike, ( 1. where 2. many 3. notebooks 4. how 5. do ) you have in your bag?

B : I have four. **how many notebooks do you have**

A : Your ( 1. at 2. father 3. very 4. looks 5. young ), Kate.

B : Thank you very much, Sam. **Your father looks very young**

A : ( 1. you 2. I 3. close 4. the 5. shall ) window?

B : Yes, please. **Shall I close the window?**

A : She wants ( 1. player 2. a 3. to 4. tennis 5. play 6. become ).

B : Oh, I didn't know that. **She wants to become a tennis player**

A : Eri, ( 1. were 2. listen 3. you 4. to 5. listening ) music in this room yesterday morning?

B : No, I wasn't in this room then. **were you listening to**

A : ( 1. for 2. the 3. look 4. tall 5. at 6. man ) over there!

B : Oh, he's Mr. Suzuki, our English teacher! **Look at the tall man over there!**

A : This is a nice picture. ( 1. in 2. child 3. are 4. children 5. many 6. playing ) the park.

B : My father took it. **Many children are playing in the park.**

A : When ( 1. you 2. will 3. did 4. a teacher 5. become ) ?

B : About fifty years ago. **When did you become a teacher?**

A : Tim ( 1. an 2. hour 3. a 4. hard 5. studied 6. for ).

B : Really? I can't believe it! **Tim studied hard for an hour.**

A : Toru, ( 1. your 2. these 3. are 4. whose 5. books ) ?

B : No, they aren't. They are my sister's. **are these your books?**

A : I saw your sister in the park yesterday. **She went there to play tennis.**

B : She ( 1. there 2. playing 3. to 4. went 5. play ) tennis.

A : Ted, ( 1. is 2. your 3. does 4. food 5. what ) mother like?

B : She likes Takoyaki. **what food does your mother like?**

A : Did you meet Ken yesterday? **He was studying when I visited his house.**

B : Yes. He ( 1. studied 2. when 3. was 4. I 5. studying ) visited his house.

A : Toru, ( 1. you 2. Yuko 3. do 4. visit 5. did ) yesterday?

B : No. I was at home. **did you visit Yuko yesterday?**

A : Does your city have any parks? **there are three big parks**

B : Yes, ( 1. is 2. big 3. are 4. three 5. there ) parks in my city.

A : I have three sisters. This is ( 1. sister 2. my 3. of 4. sisters 5. one ) .

B : She looks very kind. **This is one of my sisters**

A : You ( 1. well 2. basketball 3. are 4. play 5. can ) , right?

B : No. So I practice it every day. **you can play basketball well**

A : ( 1. does 2. your 3. did 4. brother 5. go ) to Mary's house last Friday?

B : Yes, he went there. **Did your brother go to Mary's house**

A : This ( 1. more 2. beautiful 3. is 4. most 5. the ) picture of all.

B : I think so, too. **This is the most beautiful picture of all.**

A : ( 1. was 2. doing 3. Shinji 4. did 5. what ) at that time?

B : I'm sorry, but I don't know. **What was Shinji doing**

A : Do you know Cathy's dream? **she hopes to visit a lot of places**

B : Yes, ( 1. visits 2. hopes 3. visit 4. to 5. she ) a lot of places in the world.

A : Studying is ( 1. most 2. the 3. more 4. thing 5. important ) for you now.

B : I know. So I'm studying now. **Studying is the most important thing for you**

A : Kate, ( 1. you 2. did 3. America 4. visited 5. have ) ?

B : No. So I want to go there. **have you visited America?**

A : Taro, ( 1. time 2. is 3. day 4. it 5. what ) ?

B : It's nine o'clock. **what time is it?**

A : Tomorrow ( 1. pictures 2. she 3. give 4. I'll 5. her ) .

B : I see. She'll be happy to get them. **I'll give her pictures.**

A : A new student comes from Japan. Everyone ( 1. boy 2. Taka 3. calls 4. gives 5. the )

B : I see. **Everyone calls the boy Taka.**

A : That ( 1. standing 2. over 3. stood 4. there 5. man ) is my husband.

B : He looks very young. **That man standing over there is my husband.**

A : Is ( 1. this 2. easy 3. you 4. it 5. for ) to speak Japanese?

B : No, I can't speak Japanese very well. **Is it easy for you to speak Japanese?**

A : Keiji ( 1. finished 2. has 3. did 4. not 5. his ) homework yet.

B : Really? I did yesterday. **Keiji has not finished his homework yet.**

A : This bike ( 1. new 2. as 3. is 4. not 5. newer ) as mine.

B : You're right. **This bike is not as new as mine.**

A : Is George here? **He went out without saying goodbye.**

B : No. He ( 1. saying 2. say 3. without 4. went 5. out ) goodbye.

A : Why ( 1. do 2. watch 3. you 4. a 5. don't ) soccer game on TV at my house?

B : OK. Then I'll come before the game starts. **Why don't you watch a soccer game**

A : You are listening to a very old song. **The song makes me happy.**

B : Yeah. ( 1. song 2. happy 3. I 4. me 5. the 6. makes ).

A : What sport is the most popular in your class? **Everyone likes playing it very much**

B : Basketball. ( 1. it 2. playing 3. like 4. likes 5. very 6. everyone ) much in my class.

A : Nagoya is ( 1. of 2. the 3. one 4. cities 5. biggest 6. city ) in Japan.

B : Oh, that's right. **Nagoya is one of the biggest cities**

A : Is this ( 1. when 2. restaurant 3. you 4. about 5. talked 6. the ) yesterday?

B : No. It's different. **Is this the restaurant you talked about yesterday?**

A : Did you ( 1. eat 2. for 3. to 4. buy 5. something 6. hot ) ?

B : No, I didn't. **Did you buy something hot to eat?**

A : ( 1. very 2. I'm 3. in 4. interested 5. interesting 6. meeting ) the new teacher.

B : Me, too. **I'm very interested in meeting the new teacher.**

He (1. too 2. as 3. do 4. to 5. tired 6. was ) his homework yesterday.

He was too tired to do his homework

A : I don't (1. do 2. what 3. know 4. for 5. to ) next.

B : OK. Let me show you. I don't know what to do next.

A : (1. am 2. will 3. be 4. I 5. a ) basketball player in America.

B : Oh, that's great. I will be a basketball player

A : This is the (1. books 2. read 3. who 4. I 5. which ) yesterday.

B : That looks interesting. This is the books which I read yesterday.

A : Surya will come to Japan from India next month! It makes me happy.

B : Really? (1. me 2. it 3. happy 4. is 5. makes ) .

A : Did (1. had 2. cook 3. have 4. you 5. to ) dinner yesterday?

B : Yes, I did. Did you have to cook dinner yesterday?

A : I'm going to Yakushima next month. There are some good places to visit there.

B : I see. There are some (1. places 2. for 3. visit 4.. good 5. to ) there.

A : Ken, (1. are 2. that 3. who 4. boys 5. those ) ?

B : They're my brothers. Who are those boys?

A : Tomorrow he'll go back to Kenia. So (1. nice 2. thing 3. buy 4. something 5. let's ) for him.

B : That's a good idea. let's buy something nice for him.

A : (1. girl 2. know 3. I 4. read 5. reading 6. the ) at the table.

B : Oh, really? I know the girl reading at the table.

A : (1. bring 2. friends 3. you 4. to 5. please 6. your ) my house.

B : OK! You can talk to them. Please bring your friends to my house.

A : (1. have 2. to 3. you 4. Okinawa 5. been 6. visited ) ?

B : Yes. I went there last summer. Have you been to Okinawa?

A : (1. fishes 2. in 3. seen 4. are 5. many 6. fish ) this river.

B : They are quite beautiful. Many fish are seen in this river.

A : What will you do this afternoon? **I will send some letters to my parents.**

B : I will ( 1. some 2. send 3. letters 4. from 5. to ) my parents.

A : I ( 1. homework 2. finished 3. my 4. finish 5. just 6. have ).

B : That's great! Have some hot chocolate. **I have just finished my homework.**

A : ( 1. cats 2. those 3. cat 4. are 5. yours ) ?

B : Yes, they are. **Are those cats yours?**

A : How will the weather be in Matsuyama tomorrow?

B : ( 1. that 2. be 3. will 4. it 5. rainy ). **It will be rainy.**

A : I ( 1. when 2. that 3. like 4. she'll 5. hope ) this bag.

B : I think so, too. **I hope that she'll like this bag.**

A : ( 1. has 2. make 3. to 4. had 5. who ) dinner today?

B : It's me. **Who has to make dinner today?**

A : What time ( 1. go 2. they 3. to 4. will 5. home ) ?

B : At four in the afternoon. **What time will they go home?**

A : Do you think ( 1. this 2. is 3. easier 4. easy 5. question ) than that one?

B : Yes, I do. **Do you think this question is easier than that one?**

A : Where are the ( 1. Tomoko 2. books 3. gave 4. me 5. for ) yesterday?

B : I saw them on your desk. **Where are the books Tomoko gave me yesterday?**

A : John, you must ( 1. wash 2. your 3. before 4. to 5. you 6. hands 7. eat ).

B : I've already done it, Mom. **you must wash your hands before you eat.**

A : Do ( 1. my 2. you 3. I 4. clean 5. have 6. room 7. to ) now?

B : Yes, you must do it now. **Do I have to clean my room now?**

A : Who ( 1. where 2. there 3. boy 4. is 5. breaking the TV 6. the 7. over ) ?

B : He is my brother John. **Who is the boy breaking the TV over there?**

A : How many ( 1. times 2. have 3. good 4. you 5. been 6. friends 7. years ) ?

B : For about twelve years. **How many years have you been good friends?**

A : Is it ( 1. to read 2. me 3. this book 5. for 6. reading 7. easy ) ?

B : Yes. Everybody can do it. **Is it easy for me to read this book?**

A : How ( 1. go 2. going 3. about 4. see 5. to 6. a movie ) ?

B : Sounds good. Let's go. **How about going to see a movie?**

A : How ( 1. long 2. much 3. it 4. get to 5. take to 6. does ) the station?

B : About eighty minutes. You should take a taxi over there.

**How long does it take to get to the station?**

A : Is ( 1. people 2. by 3. this song 4. loved 5. from 6. many ) in Spain?

B : Yes. It is one of my favorite songs. **Is this song loved by many people in Spain?**

A : ( 1. feel 2. you 3. how 4. what 5. do ) now?

B : I feel better. Thank you. **How do you feel now?**

A : I ( 1. visiting 2. many 3. visit 4. countries 5. hope 6. to ) .

B : That's great. **I hope to visit many countries.**

A : Many ( 1. world 2. enjoy 3. the 4. people 5. enjoying 6. around ) this sport.

B : Yes, it's very popular. **Many people around the world enjoy this sport.**

A : ( 1. is 2. some 3. there 4. old 5. are ) books in the box. Do you want them?

B : No, thank you. **There are some old books.**

A : ( 1. that 2. it 3. sunny 4. will 5. be ) tomorrow.

B : Really? I hope so. **It will be sunny tomorrow.**

A : ( 1. bird 2. found 3. find 4. a 5. beautiful 6. I ) three days ago. This is the picture.

B : Oh, it is very beautiful. **I found a beautiful bird three days ago.**

Are ( 1. in 2. these 3. made 4. cars 5. making ) France?

これらの車はフランスで作られていますか? **Are these cars made in France?**

“What ( 1. Ken 2. looks 3. for 4. looking 5. is ) ?” - “A ball.”

「ケンは何を探していますか?」「ボールです。」 **What is Ken looking for?**

We ( 1. sing 2. Katy 3. think 4. want 5. to ) her songs.

私たちはケイティに彼女の歌を歌ってほしいと思っています。 **We want Katy to sing her songs.**

I (1. have 2. to 3. like 4. for 5. would) lunch with you.

私はあなたといっしょに昼食を食べたいです。 [I would like to have lunch with you.](#)

Mary (1. home 2. her 3. to 4. with 5. came) sister.

メアリーは妹といっしょに帰宅しました。 [Mary came home with her sister.](#)

Our teacher (1. picture 2. showed 3. for 4. us 5. a) in class.

先生は授業中、私たちに1枚の写真を見せてくれました。 [Our teacher showed us a picture](#)

This (1. mine 2. an 3. is 4. bike 5. old). この古い自転車は私のものです。

[This old bike is mine.](#)

I think (1. talking 2. fun 3. is 4. are 5. pictures).

私は写真を撮ることは楽しいと思います。 [I think taking pictures is fun.](#)

George (1. not 2. guitar 3. won't 4. play 5. the) today.

ジョージは今日ギターを弾くつもりはありません。 [George won't play the guitar today.](#)

Have (1. ever 2. go 3. been 4. you 5. to) Okinawa?

あなたは今までに沖縄に行ったことがありますか？ [Have you ever been to Okinawa?](#)

My bike (1. newer 2. as 3. not 4. new 5. is) as yours.

私の自転車はあなたのものほど新しくありません。 [My bike is not as new as yours.](#)

My mother (1. cooked 2. cooking 3. was 4. in 5. dinner) the kitchen when I got home.

私の母は私が帰宅したとき台所で夕食を作っていました。 [My mother was cooking in the kitchen](#)

I have a cat, and (1. called 2. she 3. Mimi 4. has 5. is).

私は猫を飼っていて、その猫はミミと呼ばれています。 [she is called Mimi](#)

Some of (1. American 2. are 3. song 4. those 5. songs) nice.

それらのアメリカの歌のいくつかはナイスです。 [Some of those American songs are nice.](#)

May is (1. month 2. the 3. of 4. five 5. fifth) the year.

5月は1年のうちの5番目の月です。 [May is the fifth month of the year.](#)

Ken and (1. ever 2. have 3. Tim 4. had 5. never) Japanese food.

ケンとティムは日本の料理を一度も食べたことはありません。 [Ken and Tim have never had Japanese food](#)